



# Preparation of an Abstract

## *AIAA Journals*

### **General**

All regular, Full-Length Papers require abstracts; Technical and Engineering Notes, Survey Papers, and special contributions such as History of Key Technologies papers or invited lectures do not.

The abstract should be written concisely in normal rather than highly abbreviated English. The author should assume that the reader has some knowledge of the subject but has not read the paper. Thus, the abstract should be intelligible and complete in itself; particularly, it should not cite references, figures, tables, or sections of the paper.

### **Content**

The title normally is read along with the abstract and so should not be repeated or paraphrased in the first sentence of the abstract. The opening sentences should, in general, indicate the subjects dealt with in the paper (unless the title identifies them adequately) and should state the objectives of the investigation. It is also desirable to describe the treatment by one or more such terms as brief, exhaustive, theoretical, experimental, and so forth.

The body of the abstract should indicate newly observed facts and the conclusions of the experiment or argument discussed in the paper. It should contain new numerical data presented in the paper if space permits; otherwise, attention should be drawn to the nature of such data. In the case of experimental results, the abstract should indicate the methods used in obtaining them; for new methods the basic principle, range of operation, and degree of accuracy should be given.

### **Length**

The abstract should appear as one paragraph. Its optimum length will vary somewhat with the nature and extent of the paper, but it should range from 100 to 200 words.